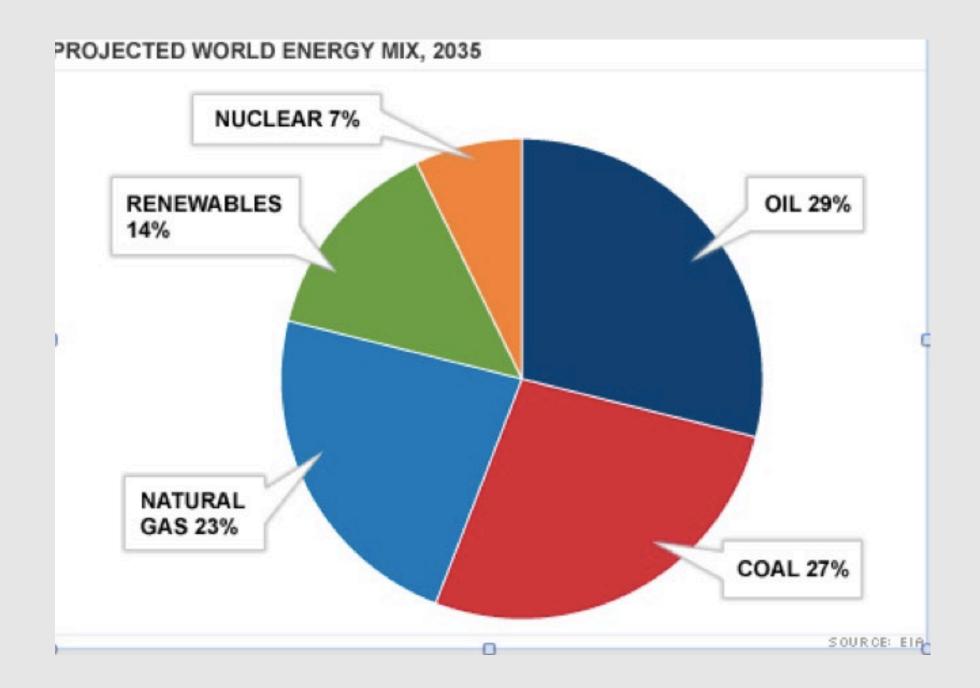
## lssues

- 1. States of Denial
- 2. The Present Condition
- 3. The Status and Reception of Climate Refugees
- 4. Can Climate Change be Addressed Democratically?
- 5. The Balance Between Adaptation and Mitigation
- 6. Behaviour Shifts

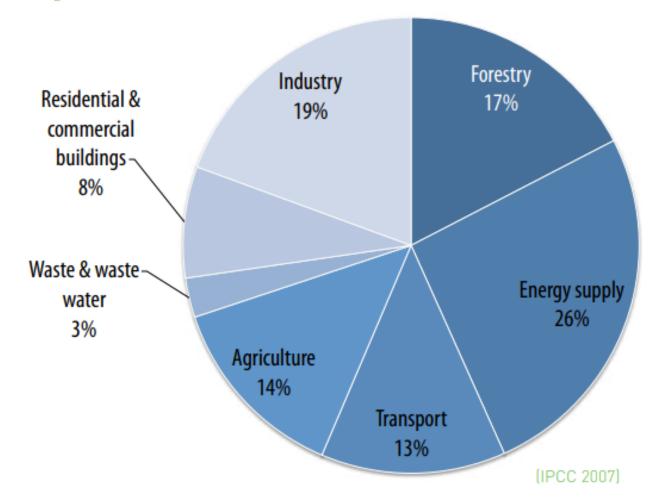
# 1. States of Denial

- 1. Knowing and Not Knowing: The Arendt Cohen thesis
  - 1a Hannah Arendt, <u>Eichmann in Jerusalem</u>1b Stanley Cohen, <u>States of Denial</u>
- 2. Paralysed in the Headlights: The Pavlovian thesis
- 3. The Disfunctionality of "Crisis" Language

# 2. The Present Condition

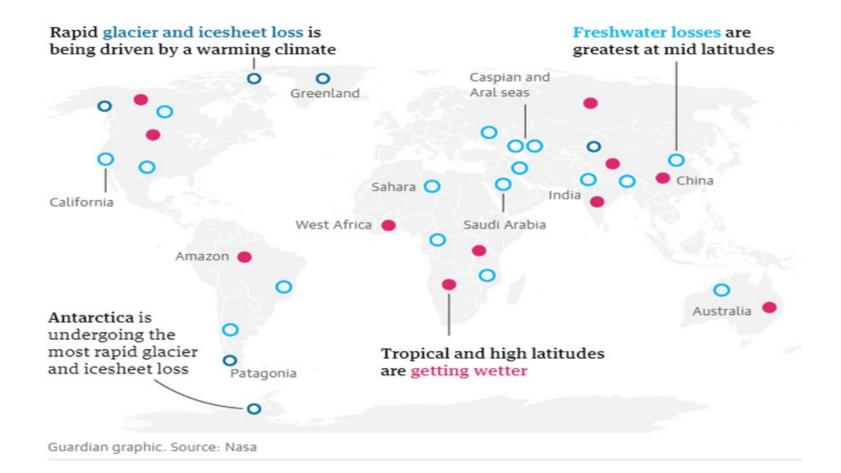


**Figure 3.1: Major contributors to global GHG emissions, including land use and land cover change** (measured in CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents using a 100 year global warming potential).



Source: United Nations Environmental Programme

#### 30 hotspots where freshwater is in danger

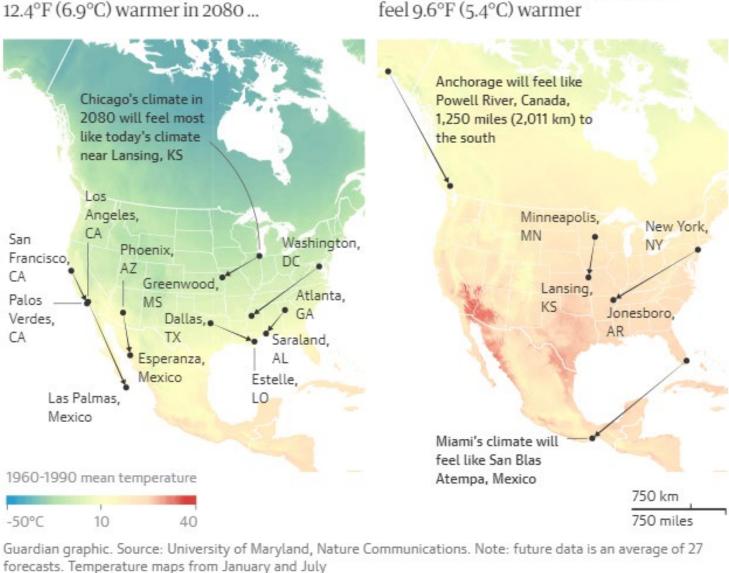




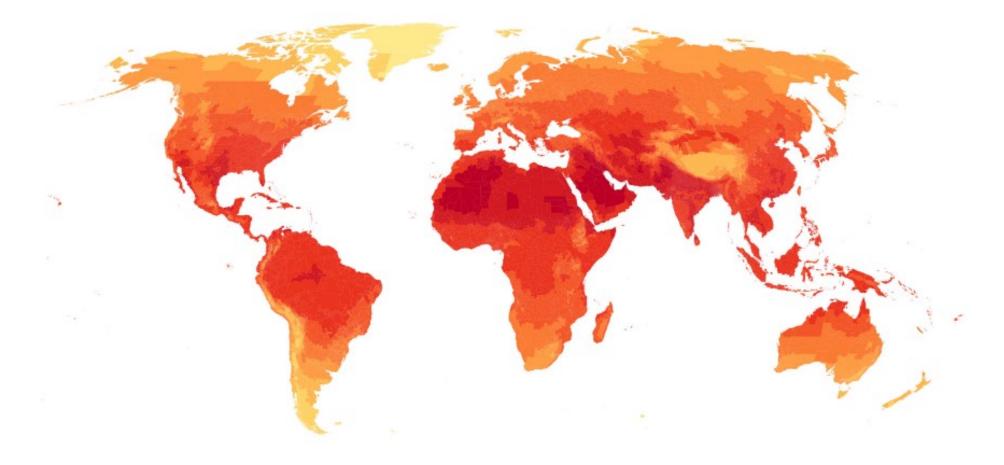
# What will the US climate feel like in 60 years if high current emissions continue?

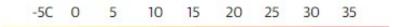
... while summer in Anchorage could

Winter in Phoenix could feel 12.4°F (6.9°C) warmer in 2080 ...



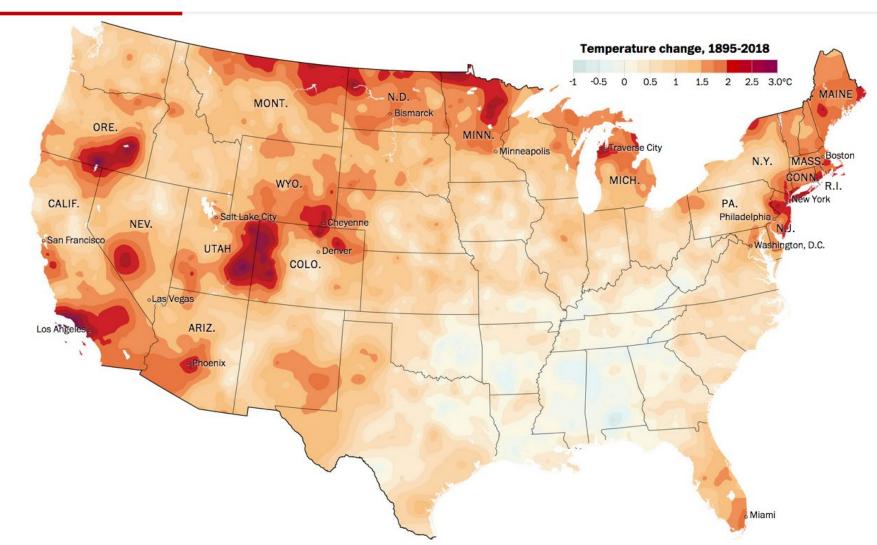
#### Average temperature between June and August, 2040-2059



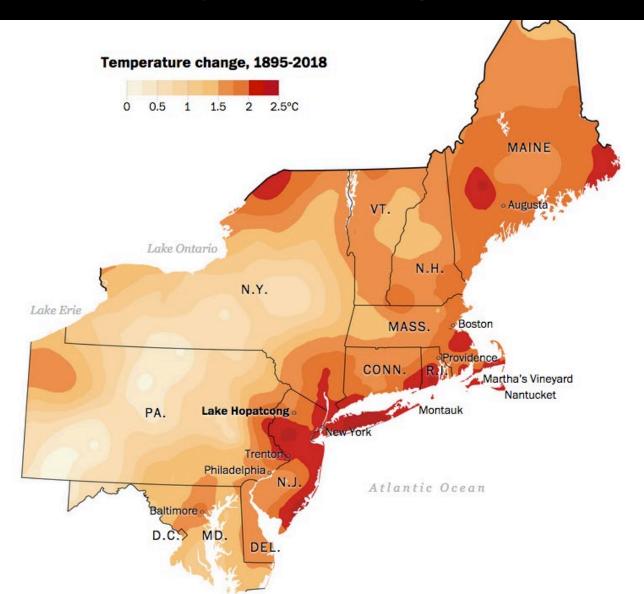


### Path dependent irregularities (1) – Hot Spots

#### 2°C: BEYOND THE LIMIT

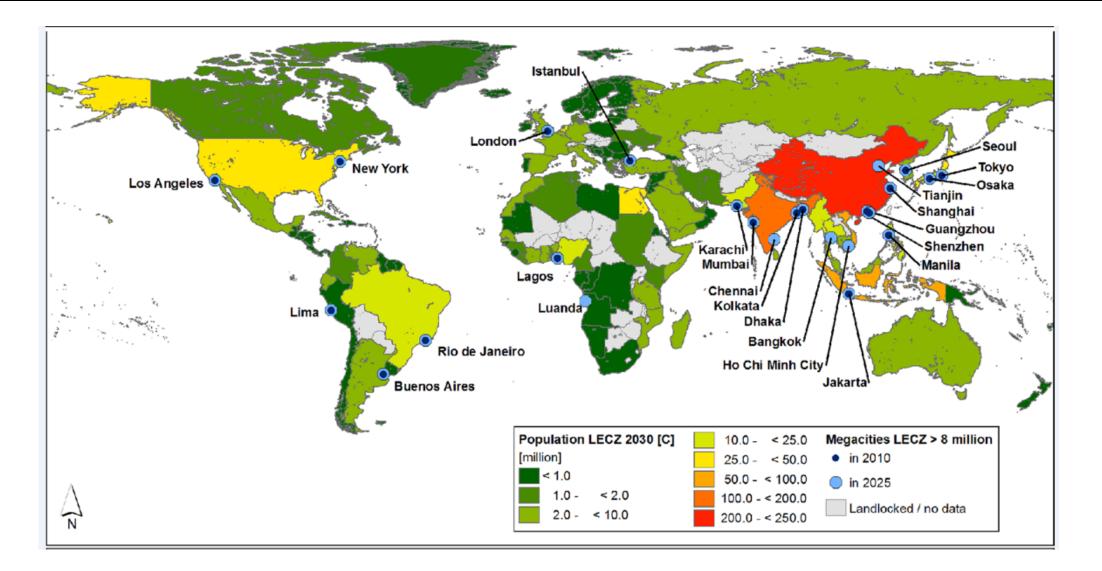


#### Path dependent irregularities (2)

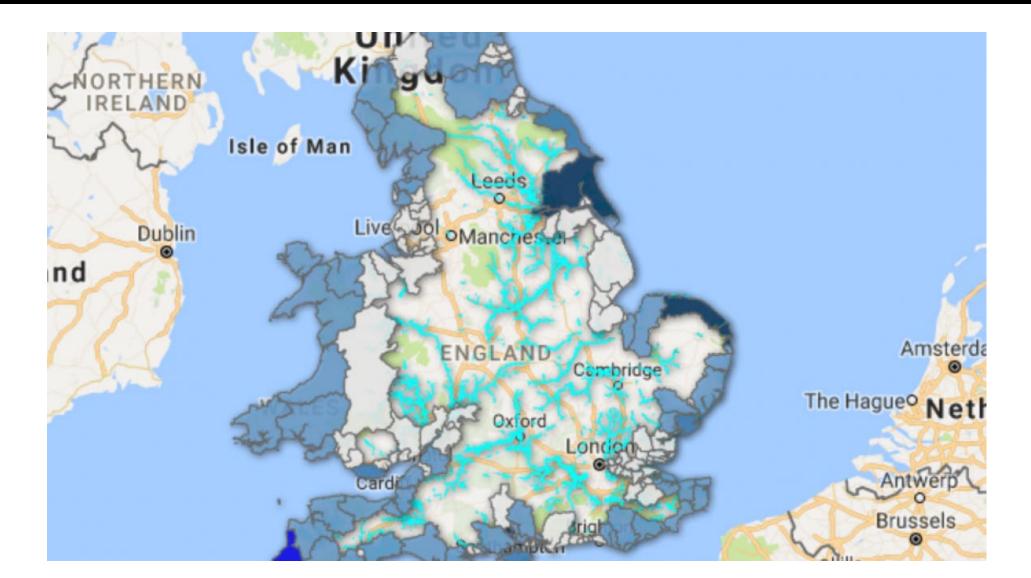


# A particularly urban danger: flooding

#### Population growth by 2030: Coastal Cities



# Flood map (UK): Projection 2050

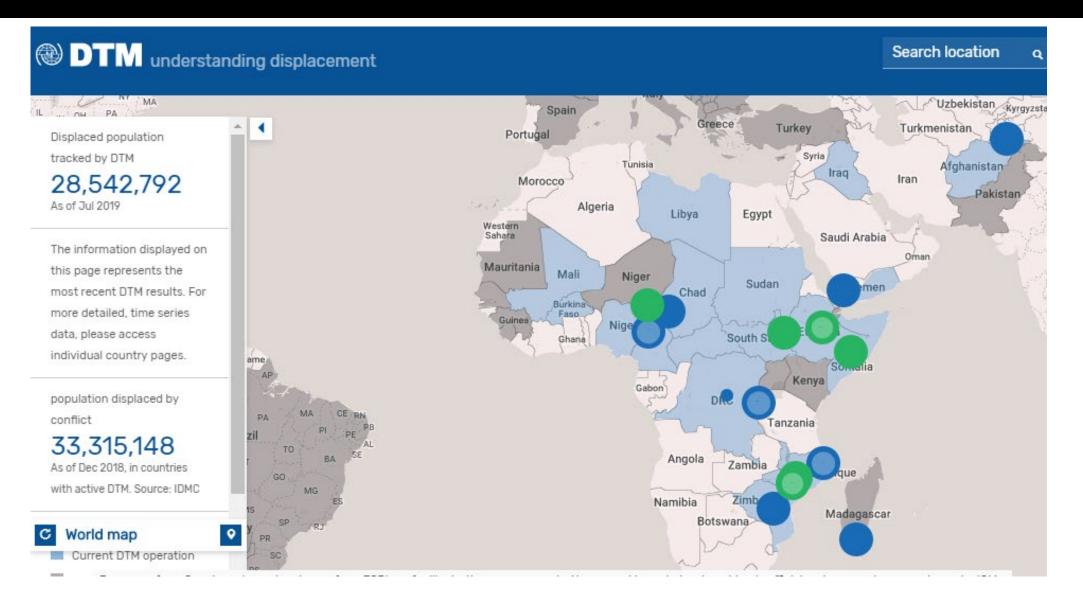




# 3. The Status and Reception of Climate Refugees

- Desertification and refugees to cities
- Reformulation of refugee migrant distinction

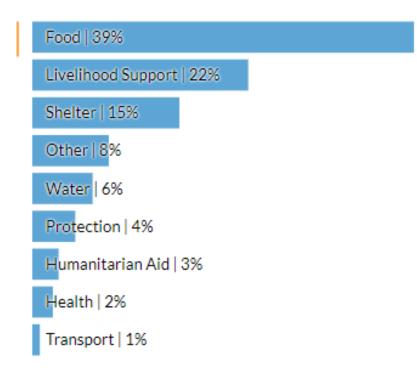
#### Displacement by natural hazards



# Desertification and urban migration

# Displacement: Somalia

#### Arrival Priority Needs (%) 🕐



# Reasons for Displacement ⑦ Drought related Conflict/Insecurity Flood Other 0 500,000 1,000,000

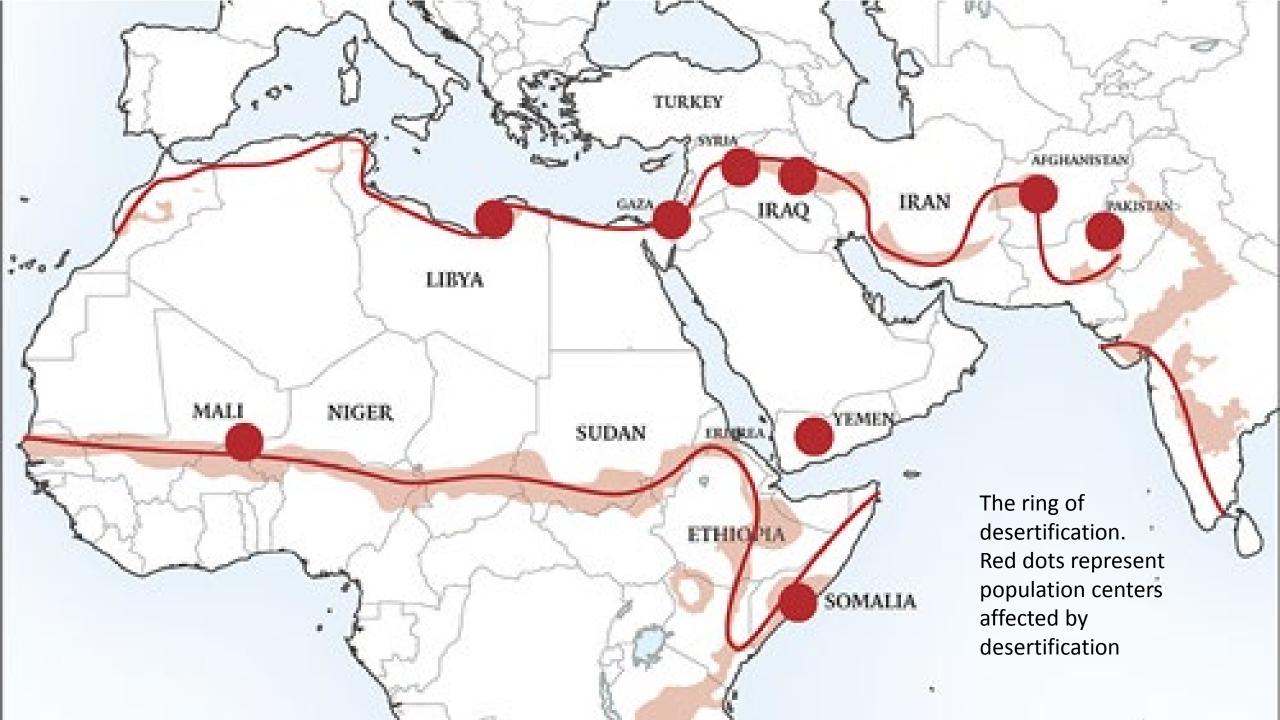
# A dry well in Somalia (1)



# A dry well in Somalia (2)

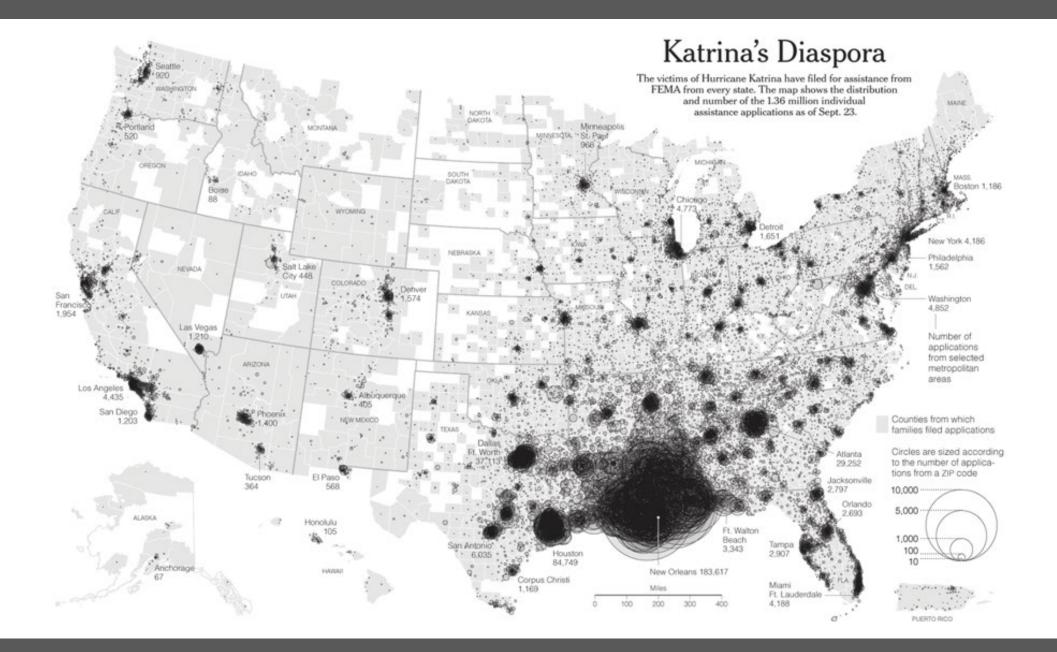






# Desertification and the Israeli security fence





# 4. Can Climate Change be Addressed Democratically?

- 1. The question of time
- 2. The question of scale

# 5. Mitigation and Adaptation

# B.I.G.-designed Berm Proposal



The New Meedowlands. A Resilient Masterplan The Wetland



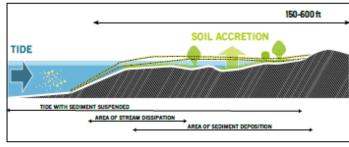
# Wetlands and their capacity for gradual transformation form a critical part of the design.

The New Meedowlands, A Resilient Masterplan

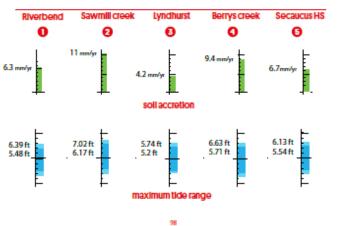
The Wetland

Wetland adaptability over time is a function of soil accretion, which itself depends on using tidal sediment transportation patterns.

#### How does soil accretion work?



#### Data points



#### BERM PROPOSAL

## Mitigation, time, and the question of scale

# Mitigation: storm surge barrier, Rotterdam (1) – 45 year framework



#### Mitigation: storm surge barrier, Rotterdam (2)

Eiffel One arm of Tower the Maeslantkering

1,000 feet

700

0

ATLANTIC OCS

The steel ball joints for each arm are about 30 feet in diameter and weigh 1.5 million pounds.

525 feet

The storm surge barriers are about 70 feet tall.

Each barrier swings out into the river and locks into place.

ROFFERDAR

# Adaptation: floating house, Amsterdam



Proposal to green Phoenix, principally to cool surfaces which are now heat absorbing tarmac - 30 year framework

# Mitigation: small scale – surfaces: goo

### Mitigation: Koolseal goo, water-based, titanium infused Los Angeles



## Mitigation: Koolseal goo applied to roof-top, Bronx, NY





Porous version of Koolseal goo combined with bioswales on a Los Angeles pavement, capturing and filtering rain-water and run-off

# Mitigation: vertical re-surfacing



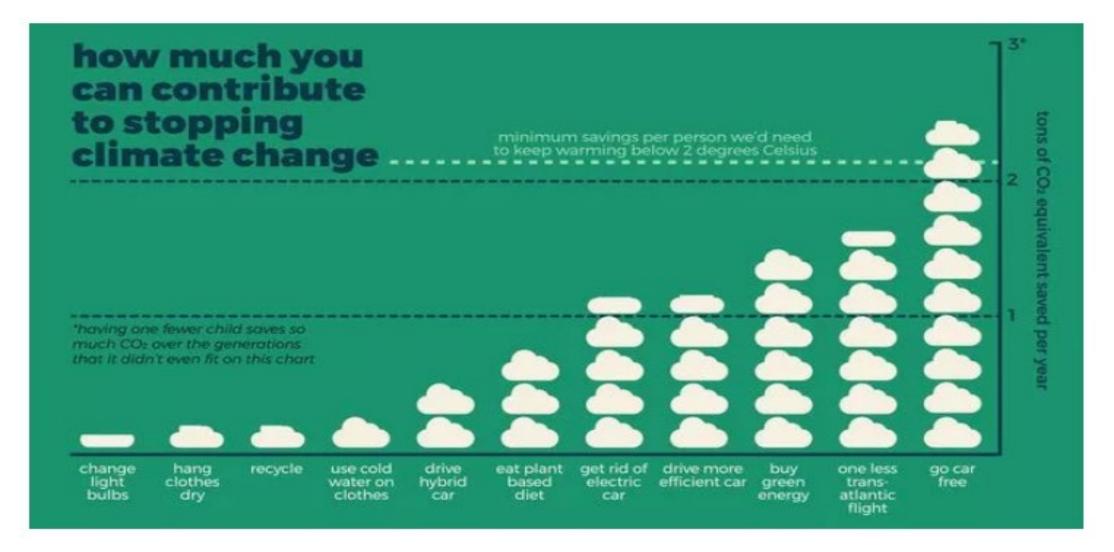
# Green terraces in Singapore



# Total green wall in Singapore: Oasis Hotel



# 6. Individual Behaviour



Data from Wynes & Nicholas, 2017

Infographic by Sara Chodosh

# Sustainable diet

to keep global temperature below 2C

| The way we eat now (average person in the UK, per week) | Future recommended diet<br>(average person, per week) |
|---|---|
| 1.6kg meat and 4.2 litres of milk                       | 500g of meat and 1 litre of milk                      |
| 3 burgers (450g)  | 1 quarter-pound beef burger                           |
| 6 sausages (450g)                                       | 2 sausages  |
| 8 slices of bacon (250g)                                | 3 rashers of bacon                                    |
| 2 chicken breasts (350g)                                | 1 chicken breast                                      |
| 3 litres of milk  | 1 litre of milk or 100g of cheese                     |
| 100g of cheese and a helping of cream                   |   |
| 4 ham sandwiches (100g)                                 |   |

Source: Food Climate Research Network

## Weekly ration: 1940

- Bacon & Ham 4 oz
- Other meat value of 1 shilling and 2 pence (equivalent to 2 chops)

| • Butter                        | 2 oz      |
|---------------------------------|-----------|
| Cheese                          | 2 oz      |
| <ul> <li>Margarine</li> </ul>   | 4 oz      |
| <ul> <li>Cooking fat</li> </ul> | 4 oz      |
| • Milk                          | 3 pints   |
| • Sugar                         | 8 oz      |
| Preserves                       | 1 lb ever |

- **Preserves** 1 lb every 2 months
- Tea

- 2 oz
- **Eggs** 1 fresh egg (plus allowance of dried egg)
- Sweets weeks

12 oz every 4

